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A REVIEW ON IMPACT OF KRISHI VIGYAN KENDRAIN ENHANCING SOCIO-ECONOMIC STATUS OF FARMERS

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ABSTRACT

In Puducherry, the first KVK was founded in 1974. The KVK has increased to 731. KVKs are approved for use by Agricultural Universities, ICAR Institutes, relevant Government Departments, and Non-Governmental Organisations (NGOs) engaged in agriculture. The KVK initiative is fully funded by the Government of India. Through technology evaluation, improvement, and demonstrations, KVK, a crucial component of the National Agricultural Research System (NARS), seeks to examine location-specific technology modules in agriculture and related sectors. As a knowledge and resource centre for agricultural technology, KVKs assist efforts from the public, corporate, and non-profit sectors aimed at enhancing the district's agricultural economy and serving as a conduit between farmers and the NARS.

KEYWORDS: Krishi Vigyan Kendra, National Agriculture Research System, Non-Government Organisation

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